

Installation

1



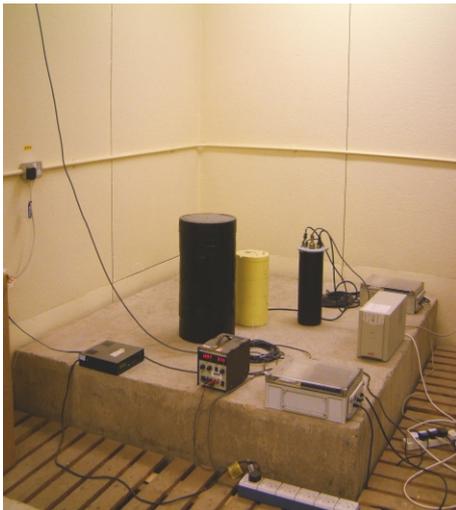
Check you have all components and cables.

- Güralp 3ESPC weak-motion broadband seismometer
- Thick grey signal cable
- Sensor calibration document

You will need a suitable digitizer or recording equipment and a 12–24 V DC power supply.

For pit or posthole installations, follow the steps overleaf.

2



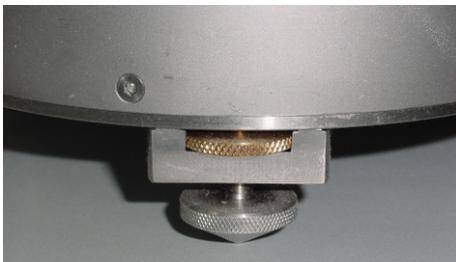
Choose a suitable site to install the sensor.

The sensor should be mounted:

- at, or ideally below, ground level
- away from sources of natural noise (e.g. wind, surf)
- away from sources of cultural noise (e.g. traffic)
- in contact with bedrock, if possible
- otherwise, on a hard granite or concrete pier
- in an environment with constant temperature
- shielded from air currents (e.g. in a polystyrene box)
- away from electrical cables and appliances

Connect your digitizer or recording equipment according to the directions supplied.

3



Loosen the brass locking nut on one of the adjustable feet.

Turn the foot, screwing it in or out to level the sensor. Check using the spirit level on the sensor lid.

Repeat with the other adjustable feet, until the bubble in the spirit level lies entirely within the inner circle.

4

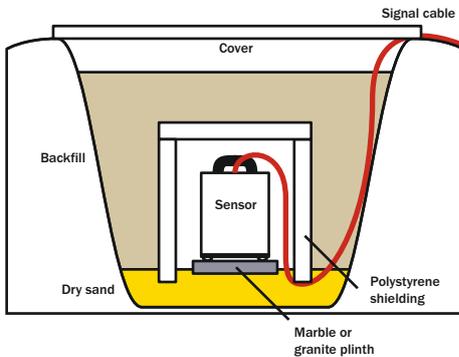


Remove the screw cap protecting the vertical lock access socket, and insert a hexagonal wrench.. Find the retaining screw within, and loosen it to unlock the vertical component. Repeat for the north/south and east/west components.

Do not allow the instrument to tilt by more than 10° with the masses unlocked.

Installing in a pit or posthole

1



Check you have all necessary equipment, and select a suitable location for the pit installation. You will need:

- the sensor and other seismic equipment;
- an angle-grinder, if mounting on bedrock;
- otherwise, a supply of dry sand and a marble or granite plinth for mounting the sensor;
- a protective shield of polystyrene or other suitable material.

2



Dig a pit at least 60 cm deep at your chosen location, down to the bedrock if possible.

- On bedrock, use the angle-grinder to plane off part of the surface. Clean the hole and go to the next step.
- On compacted subsoil, pour a layer of fine sand over the bottom of the hole, and mount the sensor on the granite plinth on top of this sand layer. (In rapid installations, a large stone may serve adequately instead of the granite plinth.)

3



Connect the sensor cables, and level and unlock the components as described overleaf.

Check the system is working, and cover the sensor with its protective shield.

4



If you are installing in a cased pit (as in this picture), install the digitizer and power supply inside if possible, and seal the installation with a weatherproof cover.

Otherwise, backfill over the shield with fresh soil. Mark the sensor position, e.g. with its GPS Receiver. Install the recording equipment and batteries, if used, in separate pits.